# WATER CHEMICAL

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Version 7.3 Revision Date 15.11.2022 Print Date 21.02.2023 GENERIC EU MSDS - NO COUNTRY SPECIFIC DATA - NO OEL DATA

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1,1 Product identifiers

Product name : Glycolic acid 70%

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Water Chemcial Co.,Ltd

No 16&16-1, Bin Jiang Road

Taixing Economic Development Zone

Jiangsu Province

**CHINA** 

Telephone : +86 523-87676091 Fax : +86 523-87676172

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : +86 523-87676175

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)	
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 + P310	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	none

# 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2 Mixtures

Synonyms : Hydroxyacetic acid

Component		Classification	Concentration
Glycolic acid			
CAS-No. EC-No.	79-14-1 201-180-5 *	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H332, H314, H318	>= 70 - < 72 %

<sup>\*</sup>A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its use are exempted from registration according to Article 2 REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General advice**

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

# In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

## In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

# **5.3** Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### **5.4** Further information

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

# **6.2** Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Storage conditions

Tightly closed.

# **Storage class**

Storage class (TRGS 510): 8B: Non-combustible, corrosive hazardous materials

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

## Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

# Skin protection

required

# **Body Protection**

protective clothing

#### **Respiratory protection**

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

# **Control of environmental exposure**

Do not let product enter drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Physical state liquid

b) Colorc) OdorNo data availableNo data available

d) Melting Melting point/range: 10 °C

point/freezing point

e) Initial boiling point 112 °C

and boiling range

f) Flammability (solid, No data available

gas)

g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No data available

h) Flash point i) Autoignition temperature

No data available No data available

Decomposition j)

No data available

temperature

рН k)

No data available

I) Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

m) Water solubility

No data available

n) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

o) Vapor pressure

No data available

p) Density

1,25 g/mL at 25 °C

Relative density

No data available

q) Relative vapor

No data available

density

r) Particle

No data available

characteristics

s) Explosive properties Not classified as explosive.

Oxidizing properties

#### Other safety information 9.2

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no information available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Mixture**

## **Acute toxicity**

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - > 5 mg/l - dust/mist(Calculation method)

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of

respiratory tract

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation
Remarks: Mixture causes burns.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

## Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

# 11.2 Additional Information

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### **Components**

# **Glycolic acid**

## **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 2.040 mg/kg

(US-EPA)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 3,6 mg/l - aerosol

(OECD Test Guideline 403) Dermal: No data available

# Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

(OECD Test Guideline 405) Remarks: (as aqueous solution)

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Severe eye irritation

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitisation test: - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Test system: E. coli Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Species: Mouse - male and female - Bone marrow

Result: negative **Carcinogenicity** 

No data available

# **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

#### Mixture

No data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

# **Components**

## Glycolic acid

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 164

mg/I - 96 h (US-EPA)

Remarks: (above the solubility limit in the test medium)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 141 mg/l - 48 h

(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Remarks: (above the solubility limit in the test medium)

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green

algae) - 44 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

static test NOEC - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

- 10 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

static test EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)

- 21,6 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 70 mg/l - 3 h

(OECD Test Guideline 209)

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 3265 IMDG: 3265 IATA: 3265

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Glycolic acid) IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Glycolic acid)

IATA: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Glycolic acid)

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

#### 14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

#### Other regulations

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM -American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. -Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS -Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Classification of the mixture

**Classification procedure:** 

Skin Corr.1B

H314

Calculation method